SENATE No. 01713

The Com	monwealth of Massachusetts
	PRESENTED BY:
	Stanley C. Rosenberg
Court assembled: The undersigned legislators and/o	presentatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General or citizens respectfully petition for the passage of the accompanying bill value of artists, entertainers, and other notable personalities ———————————————————————————————————
NAME: Stanley C. Rosenberg	DISTRICT/ADDRESS: Hampshire and Franklin

SENATE No. 01713

By Mr. Rosenberg, petition (accompanied by bill, Senate, No. 1713) of Rosenberg for legislation relative to the right of publicity [Joint Committee on Tourism, Arts and Cultural Development].

[SIMILAR MATTER FILED IN PREVIOUS SESSION SEE.

□ SENATE , NO. *01800* OF 2009-2010.]

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the Year Two Thousand Eleven

An Act protecting the commercial value of artists, entertainers, and other notable personalities.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

- SECTION 1. It is the intent of the legislature to ensure that the Commonwealth fully
- 2 capitalizes on the economic and social value of its cultural resources by encouraging locally
- 3 based artists, entertainers, and other notable personalities to maintain primary residence in the
- 4 state and attract out-of-state residents to establish primary residence in Massachusetts; therefore,
- 5 it is necessary to enact sufficient protections to prevent those individuals and their work from
- 6 being unduly misused or exploited.
- 7 SECTION 2: Chapter 214 of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out
- 8 Section 3A and inserting in place thereof the following section:?

9 Section 3A.

- (a) The following definitions shall apply to this Section.
- 11 "Commercial use" means:

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- 12 (1) the use of a personality?s identity (i) on or in goods, products or services, 13 (ii) for the purpose of advertising goods, products or services or (iii) for fundraising.
- 14 (2) Without limiting what other uses may be determined not to be commercial, it is not a commercial use of any personality?s identity for a person: (i) to use a 15 personality?s identity as part of a news report or commentary or as part of an artistic or expressive work, such as a live performance, work of art, literary work, theatrical work, musical 17 18 work, audiovisual work, motion picture, television program, radio program, or the like, (ii) to use a personality?s identity in an advertisement, promotion or commercial announcement for any 19 such news report, commentary or work, (iii) to use a personality?s identity in the personality?s 21 role as a member of the public where the personality is not named or similarly identified, (iv) to use a personality?s identity in a manner that is incidental or de minimus, or (v) to use a 22 personality?s identity in a manner that is permitted under the laws or the Constitution of the 23 24 United States or the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
- ?Identity" means a personality?s name, likeness, voice, signature, or an appearance or gesturethat uniquely identifies that particular personality.
- 27 ?Name" means the actual or assumed name or nickname of a personality that identifies that28 particular personality.
- 29 ?Person" means any individual, firm, association, partnership, corporation, joint stock company,
- 30 limited liability company, syndicate, receiver, common law trust, conservator, statutory trust, or

- any other concern or entity, however named, organized, formed, or created, and includes not-for-
- 32 profit corporations, associations, educational and religious institutions, political parties,
- 33 campaign committees, and community, civic, and other organizations.
- 34 ?Personality? means an individual whose identity has commercial value.
- (b) Recognition of the right of publicity. A personality has a property interest in his or her identity, known as the ?right of publicity,? that is the exclusive right to control the commercial use of the personality?s identity during the personality?s lifetime and for seventyfive (75) years after the date of the personality?s death, unless terminated earlier under paragraph (d)(5).
- 40 (c) Infringement; Exemption; Domicile; Civil action; Remedies.
- (1) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, a person who knowingly
 makes a commercial use of a personality?s identity in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts
 during the personality?s lifetime or after the date of the personality?s death, without written
 consent of the personality or of the person or persons who collectively own more than a one-half
 interest in the personality?s right of publicity, shall have infringed the personality?s right of
 publicity.
- 47 (2) Paragraph 1 of this subsection shall not apply to an owner of any
 48 medium used for advertising through which an infringing use is published, broadcast or
 49 disseminated, unless it is established that the owner had actual knowledge that the use of the
 50 personality?s identity was an infringement of the personality?s right of publicity.

- (3) A person who owns or persons who collectively own more than a onehalf interest in a personality?s right of publicity, and only such person or persons, may enforce the personality?s right of publicity by bringing a civil action against a person who has infringed or is infringing the right of publicity to prevent and restrain the infringement, including restraint on a preliminary basis, and to recover damages as described in paragraph (5) of this subsection.
- (4) This Section shall apply only in the following circumstances: (i) the personality?s domicile is in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, (ii) in the case of a deceased personality, the deceased personality?s domicile was in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts on the date of the personality?s death, or (iii) the infringing use is directed only to persons in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and, if the personality is deceased, on the date of the personality?s death the personality was a domiciliary of a state that recognized a descendible right of publicity for the personality.
- (5) Damages for infringement of the right of publicity shall be awarded in an amount equal to the greater of (i) \$1,000 or (ii) the actual damages suffered as a result of the infringement, including any profit of the infringer attributable to the infringement that is not taken into account in computing the actual damages. In establishing such profit, the person alleging the infringement must prove the gross revenue attributable to the infringement, and the alleged infringer must prove any deductible expenses.
- (6) The Court may award the prevailing party in an action under this Section
 reasonable attorney's fees, expenses, and court costs incurred in recovering any remedy or
 defending any claim under this Section.

- 72 (7) A defendant?s good faith reliance upon the written consent of a
 73 personality or a person who has or persons who collectively have registered the transfer of more
 74 than a one-half interest in the personality?s right of publicity under paragraph (d)(3) shall be a
 75 complete defense in any action under this Section.
- 76 (d) Transferability; Registration; Termination.
- (1) A personality?s right of publicity is freely transferable, in whole or in part, by any form of inter vivos or testamentary transfer, including, without limitation, by written contract, assignment, license, gift, trust, testamentary document, or intestate succession, except that no interest in the right of publicity shall escheat to any state, commonwealth, or other jurisdiction. General Laws Chapter 190B, Section 3-101 notwithstanding, insofar as not transferred during life, a deceased personality?s personal representative or voluntary personal representative shall be the transferee from the personality?s death until the deceased personality?s right of publicity is transferred by such personal representative.
- 85 (2) All persons with partial interests in a personality?s right of publicity
 86 shall make annual accountings to each other of all revenues generated from exercising and
 87 enforcing the personality?s right of publicity, including, without limitation, from all recoveries in
 88 civil actions and all expenses incurred in connection with such exercise and enforcement. Such
 89 persons may vary their rights and obligations under this paragraph by written agreement.
- 90 (3) A person or persons meeting the requirements of paragraph (c)(3) to 91 whom an interest in a personality?s right of publicity has been transferred may not bring a civil 92 action under this Section unless the transferee has or all such transferees have registered the 93 transfer or transfers with the secretary of state as set forth in this paragraph: (i) A transferee

must register the transfer with the secretary of state on a form prescribed by the secretary of state. The form shall include the name of the personality, the date of the transfer, the date of 95 death and the personality?s domicile at the time of death if the personality is deceased, the name 96 and address of the transferee, the name and address of any persons authorized to act on behalf of 97 the transferee, the method of transfer, and the nature and percentage of the interest in the right 98 99 transferred. The information provided on the form and related documents shall be submitted by 100 the transferee under the pains and penalties of perjury. The secretary of state may collect a fee for the registration that does not exceed the incremental costs of recording the documents and 101 102 maintaining the registry. (ii) Upon receipt of the form and related documents for filing, the secretary of state shall post the form and documents in a registry of interests in transferred rights 103 104 of publicity on a website on the internet that is accessible to the public. The secretary of state 105 may microfilm or reproduce by other means any of the forms or documents and destroy the original form or documents. A reproduction of a record under this Section that is certified by the 106 secretary of state shall be admissible in a court of law. The secretary of state is not required to 107 retain a record or reproduction concerning a registration under this Section more than eighty (80) 108 years after the date of the personality?s death. (iii) A form or other document filed under this 109 Section is a public record. 110

(4) A person or persons meeting the requirements of paragraph (c)(3) to whom an interest in a personality?s right of publicity has been transferred may not recover damages or other relief for an infringement that occurred before the date that the transferee has or all such transferees have registered the transfer or transfers under paragraph (d)(3), except for a recovery in a civil action properly commenced prior to the transfer.

- (5) A deceased personality?s right of publicity will terminate (i) if at any time there is no transferee or (ii) upon proof that no transferee has registered a transfer during the personality?s life or within five (5) years after the personality?s death.
- 119 (6) No action may be brought under this Section more than seventy-five (75) 120 years after the date of the personality?s death.
- 121 (e) This Section provides the exclusive rights and remedies for infringement of the 122 right of publicity occurring after the effective date of this Section and supersedes any common 123 law and statutory rights and remedies.